## Matawa First Nations Management Consolidated Financial Statements March 31, 2015

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### **Management's Responsibility**

To the Members and Board of Directors of Matawa First Nations Management:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying consolidated financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations and ensuring that all information in the annual report is consistent with the consolidated statements. This responsibility includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgment is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fairness of the consolidated financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting systems and related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are authorized, assets are safeguarded and financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of consolidated financial statements.

The Board of Directors and Audit Committee are composed primarily of Directors who are neither management nor employees of the Organization. The Board is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities, and for approving the financial information included in the annual report. The Board fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by management and discussing relevant matters with management and external auditors. The Board is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Organization's external auditors.

MNP LLP is appointed by the Board to audit the consolidated financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Board and management to discuss their audit findings.

July 17, 2015

**Chief Executive Officer** 

### **Independent Auditors' Report**

To the Members and Board of Directors of Matawa First Nations Management:

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Matawa First Nations Management, which comprise the consolidated statement of financial position as at March 31, 2015, and the consolidated statements of operations, changes in fund balances and cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditors' Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditors' judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Matawa First Nations Management as at March 31, 2015 and the results of its operations, changes in fund balances and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Thunder Bay, Ontario

July 17, 2015

**Chartered Professional Accountants** 

Licensed Public Accountants



# Matawa First Nations Management Consolidated Statement of Financial Position As at March 31, 2015

	Matawa	Matawa	Matawa	2045	204
	Operating	Restricted	Capital	2015	2014
Assets					
Current					
Cash	1,133,272	515		1,133,787	2,190,81
Marketable securities (Note 3)	.,	179,235	_	179,235	173,09
Accounts receivable		110,200		110,200	170,00
(Note 4), (Note 5)	2,261,190	382,717	_	2,643,907	1,958,22
Government remittances receivable	669,960	-		669,960	541,86
Prepaid expenses and deposits	162,126			162,126	158,52
Due from Restricted Fund	223,195	-		223,195	16,90
	220,100		-		10,30
	4,449,743	562,467		5,012,210	5,039,43 <sup>-</sup>
Capital assets (Note 6)	-	-	6,441,828	6,441,828	6,657,024
Long-term investments (Note 7)	2	-		2	2
	4,449,745	562,467	6,441,828	11,454,040	11,696,457
Liabilities Current					
Bank indebtedness (Note 8) Accounts payable and accruals	852,075	•	-	852,075	915,984
(Note 5)	2,950,049	-	231,024	3,181,073	2,578,38
Government remittances payable	70,132	-	-	70,132	78,464
Deferred revenue (Note 9)	1,645,253	99,521	<ul> <li>00</li> </ul>	1,744,774	2,537,97
Due to Operating Fund	-	223,195	-	223,195	16,903
Current portion of long-term debt					
(Note 10)	-	-	49,491	49,491	47,295
Deferred contributions related to					
capital assets (Note 11)	-	-	133,194	133,194	139,378
	5,517,509	322,716	413,709	6,253,934	6,314,381
Long-term debt (Note 10)	-	-	1,078,923	1,078,923	1,128,419
Deferred contributions related to capital					
assets (Note 11)	-	-	3,437,392	3,437,392	3,570,587
Fund Balances	(1,067,764)	239,751	1,511,804	683,791	683,070
	4,449,745	562,467	6,441,828	11,454,040	11,696,457

Approved on behalf of the Board

ains benes Director

Director

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# Matawa First Nations Management Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended March 31, 2015

Excess (deficiency) of revenue over	123,984	29,179	(511,967)	(358,804)	(295,479
Total expenses	17,439,780	1,124,650	651,346	19,215,776	15,980,858
Travel	718,077	-	-	718,077	700,388
Telephone	97,211	-	-	97,211	119,51
Supplies and equipment	631,001		-	631,001	562,964
Student and client allowances	5,817,270	971,217	-	6,788,487	4,050,13
Salaries and benefits	5,530,491	-	-	5,530,491	4,849,10
Resource materials	384,056	-	-	384,056	405,46
Program co-ordination (recovery) Repairs and maintenance	(153,433) 122,878	153,433	-	- 122,878	- 126,22
Professional fees	1,027,785	-	-	1,027,785	1,012,42
Professional development/training	152,949	-	-	152,949	451,23
Occupancy costs	720,129	-	-	720,129	717,65
Meetings	873,022	-	-	873,022	716,40
Interest on long-term debt	52,299	-	-	52,299	54,51
Interest and bank charges	46,608	-	-	46,608	34,04
Insurance	46,017	-	-	46,017	43,56
Crisis and donations	35,761	-	-	35,761	141,36
Consultants	788,349	-	-	788,349	629,81
Board and Chiefs' Meetings	213,296	-	-	213,296	230,59
Bad debts	23,054	-	-	23,054	36
Annual General Assembly (Note 15)	175,104	-	-	175,104	139,03
Amortization		-	651,346	651,346	848,43
Expenses Advertising and promotion	137,856	-	-	137,856	147,61
	17,563,764	1,153,829	139,379	18,856,972	15,685,37
First Nation Project Contributions	1,139,460	-	-	1,139,460	1,004,31
otal revenue	18,703,224	1,153,829	139,379	19,996,432	16,689,69
<b>Fransfers from (to) deferred revenue</b> (Note 9), (Note 11)	836,087	(42,886)	-	793,201	(1,191,24
	17,867,137	1,196,715	139,379	19,203,231	17,880,94
contributions (Note 11)	• 	-	139,379	139,379	129,69
Amortization of deferred capital	001,101	_0,0		·	
Other	857,154	29,179	-	886,333	577,80
First Nations and Organization	741,253	1,167,536	-	1,908,789	1,714,12
Federal Government Provincial Government	10,140,604 6,128,126	-	-	10,140,604 6,128,126	11,320,76 4,138,55
Federal and Provincial government	40.440.004			40.440.004	44 000 70
Revenue					
	Operating	Restricted	Capital		

Continued on next page

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# Matawa First Nations Management Consolidated Statement of Operations For the year ended March 31, 2015

	Matawa Operating	Matawa Restricted	Matawa Capital	2015	2014
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses before other items (Continued from previous page) Other items	123,984	29,179	(511,967)	(358,804)	(295,479)
Recovery of prior year funding Income tax recovery	356,749 -	-	-	356,749 -	- 1,975
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	480,733	29,179	(511,967)	(2,055)	(293,504)

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# Matawa First Nations Management Consolidated Statement of Changes in Fund Balances For the year ended March 31, 2015

	Matawa Operating	Matawa Restricted	Matawa Capital	2015	2014
Fund balances, beginning of year	(1,145,709)	207,796	1,620,983	683,070	977,725
Excess (deficiency) of revenue over expenses	480,733	29,179	(511,967)	(2,055)	(293,504)
Changes in unrealized losses on the available-for-sale financial assets during the year ( <i>Note 3</i> )	-	2,776		2,776	(1,151)
Transfer of funding to Capital Fund	(402,788)	-	402,788	-	-
Fund balances, end of year	(1,067,764)	239,751	1,511,804	683,791	683,070

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

# **Matawa First Nations Management**

**Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows** 

For the year ended March 31, 2015

	2015	2014
Cash provided by (used for) the following activities		
Operating activities		
Cash received from government, First Nations and Organizations, and other	18,595,563	16,550,015
Cash received from interest	11,260	15,204
Cash paid to suppliers and employees	(19,014,221)	(15,495,406)
Cash paid for interest	(98,907)	(88,560)
Income taxes recovered	-	448
	(506,305)	981,701
Financing activities		
Net advances (repayments) of bank indebtedness	(63,909)	915.984
Repayment of long-term debt	(47,300)	(45,009)
	(111,209)	870,975
Investing activities	(2.2.2.)	(22,422)
Purchase of marketable securities	(3,363)	(23,130)
Purchase of capital assets	(436,150)	(583,519)
	(439,513)	(606,649)
Increase (decrease) in cash resources	(1,057,027)	1,246,027
Cash resources, beginning of year	2,190,814	944,787
Cash resources, end of year	1,133,787	2,190,814

The accompanying notes are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements

#### 1. Incorporation

Matawa First Nations Management, the "Organization" is incorporated under the Canada Corporations Act as a not-for-profit organization. The Organization operates as a tribal council, providing services to the First Nations listed in Note 5 to these consolidated financial statements.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations as issued by the Accounting Standards Board in Canada using the following significant accounting policies:

#### Basis of consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the assets, liabilities, revenue and expenses of Matawa First Nations Management ("the Organization), which controls the following corporations: Matawa Project Management Group Inc. ("MPMG"), a construction management corporation; Matawa First Nations Property Inc. ("MFNP"), which owns the land and building at 233 Court Street South, Thunder Bay; Matawa Non-Profit Housing Corporation ("MNPHC"), a not-for-profit housing corporation; Kilkenomaga Kikenjigewen Employment & Training Services ("KKETS"), an employment and training corporation and Gathering of Rivers for Community Care ("GRCC"), a not-for-profit community care service provider.

These consolidated financial statements include financial statements for MFNP for the fiscal year from January 1, 2014 to December 31, 2014.

#### Fund accounting

In order to ensure observance of limitations and restrictions placed on the use of resources available to the Organization, the accounts are maintained on a fund accounting basis. Accordingly, resources are classified for accounting and reporting purposes into funds. These funds are held in accordance with the objectives specified by the contributors or in accordance with the directives issued by the Board of Directors. The Organization has the following funds:

The Operating Fund is used to account for all revenue and expenses related to general and ancillary operations of the Organization.

The Capital Fund is used to account for all capital assets of the Organization and to present the flow of funds related to their acquisition and disposal, unexpected capital resources and debt commitments.

The Restricted Fund is used to account for monies for the post secondary education activities of the Organization and the capital reserves of MNPHC.

#### Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with chartered banks and temporary investments with maturities of three months or less. Cash subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

#### Marketable securities

Marketable securities with prices quoted in an active market are measured at fair value while those that are not quoted in an active market are measured at cost less impairment.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. The cost of major replacements and improvements to capital assets are capitalized and the cost of maintenance and repairs are expensed when incurred.

Amortization is provided using the declining balance and straight-line methods at rates intended to amortize the cost of assets over their estimated useful lives.

	Method	Rate
Buildings	declining balance	4 %
Equipment (computer)	straight line	33 %
Computer software	declining balance	100 %
Equipment (GIS)	declining balance	55 %
Furniture and fixtures	declining balance	20 - 30 %
Leasehold improvements	straight-line	20 %
Parking lot	declining balance	8 %
Website	straight-line	3 years

In the year of acquisition, one-half of the above rates is used on capital assets amortized using the declining balance method.

#### Leases

A lease that transfers substantially all of the benefits and risks of ownership is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the property's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a declining balance basis, over their estimated useful lives. All other leases are accounted for as operating leases and rental payments are expensed as incurred.

An arrangement contains a lease where the arrangement conveys a right to use the underlying tangible asset, and whereby its fulfillment is dependent on the use of the specific tangible asset. After the inception of the arrangement, a reassessment of whether the arrangement contains a lease is made only in the event that:

- there is a change in contractual terms;
- a renewal option is exercised or an extension is agreed upon by the parties to the arrangement;
- there is a change in the determination of whether the fulfillment of the arrangement is dependent on the use of the specific tangible asset; or
- there is a substantial physical change to the specified tangible asset.

#### Long-lived assets

Long-lived assets consist of capital assets. Long-lived assets held for use are measured and amortized as described in the applicable accounting policies.

When the Organization determines that a long-lived asset no longer has any long-term service potential to the Organization, the excess of its net carrying amount over any residual value is recognized as an expense in the consolidated statement of operations. Write-downs are not reversed.

#### Long-term investments

Long-term investments are recorded at cost less any provisions for other than temporary impairment. They have been classified as long-term assets in concurrence with the nature of the investment.

#### Income taxes

MFNP and MPMG account for income taxes using the taxes payable method. Under this method, only current income tax assets and liabilities are recorded to the extent they are unpaid or recoverable. In addition, the benefit relating to a tax loss incurred in the current period and carred back to prior periods is recognized as a current asset. Current income tax assets and liabilities are measured using substantively enacted tax rates and laws expected to apply when the tax liabilities or assets are to be either settled or realized.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### Revenue recognition

The Organization uses the deferral method of accounting for contributions and reports on a fund accounting basis. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the appropriate fund when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Revenue is recognized when it is earned according to the terms of funding agreements, provided that the amount is measurable and collection is reasonably assured.

Rental revenue is recognized as it is earned over time according to occupancy agreements.

Project and engineering fees and recoveries are recognized as services are rendered, provided that the amount is measurable and collection is reasonably assured.

Other project management fees are recognized on a percentage of completion basis, where revenue is matched with the contract costs incurred in reaching the stage of completion resulting in a proportionate reporting of revenue, expense, and profit attributable to the proportion of work completed. Any anticipated losses on contracts are provided for in the period.

Interest income is recognized when it is earned.

#### Contributed materials and services

The Organization does not recognize the receipt of contributed materials and services.

#### Allocation of expenses

The Organization engages in programs that are directly funded by various government agencies. The costs of each program include the costs of personnel, premises and other expenses that are directly related to providing the program. The Organization also incurs a number of general support expenses that are common to the administration of the Organization and each of its programs. The Organization directly allocates its general support expenses proportionately to each program based on the administrative support and related reporting requirements of each program.

#### Employee future benefits

The Organization's employee future benefit program consists of a defined contribution pension plan. The Organization's contributions to the defined contribution plan are expensed as incurred.

#### Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of consolidated financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the consolidated financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenses during the reporting period.

Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.

Amortization of capital assets and amortization of deferred contributions related to capital assets is based on the estimated useful lives of capital assets.

Accounts payable and accruals are estimated based on historical charges for unbilled goods and services at year end.

Deferred revenue is estimated based on management's review of revenue received, but not spent at year end.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and, as adjustments become necessary they are reported in excess of revenue over expenses in the periods in which they become known.

#### 2. Significant accounting policies (Continued from previous page)

#### Financial instruments

The Organization recognizes its financial instruments when the Organization becomes party to the contractual provisions of the financial instrument. All financial instruments are initially recorded at their fair value, including financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in a related party transaction with management. Financial assets and liabilities originated and issued in all other related party transactions are initially measured at their carrying or exchange amount in accordance with CICA 3840 *Related Party Transactions* (refer to Note 15).

At initial recognition, the Organization may irrevocably elect to subsequently measure any financial instrument at fair value. The Organization has not made such an election during the year.

The Organization subsequently measures investments in equity instruments quoted in an active market and all derivative instruments, except those designated in a qualifying hedging relationship or that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, at fair value. Fair value is determined by published price quotations. Investments in equity instruments not quoted in an active market and derivatives that are linked to, and must be settled by delivery of, unquoted equity instruments of another entity, are subsequently measured at cost less impairment. With the exception of financial liabilities indexed to a measure of the Organization's performance or value of its equity and those instruments designated at fair value, all other financial assets and liabilities are subsequently measured at amortized cost.

Transaction costs and financing fees directly attributable to the origination, acquisition, issuance or assumption of financial instruments subsequently measured at fair value are immediately recognized in the excess of revenue over expenses for the current period. Conversely, transaction costs and financing fees are added to the carrying amount for those financial instruments subsequently measured at amortized cost or cost.

#### 3. Marketable securities

	2015	2014
Marketable securities	179,235	173,096

All prescribed housing providers are required to participate in pooling of the capital reserves for investment purposes through the Social Housing Services Corporation ("SHSC") Investment Fund Program. According to SHSC Section 26(2), prescribed housing providers are required to follow the SHSC investment policy which outlines that all prescribed housing providers must invest all of the capital reserve funds with the SHSC Investment Fund, through Phillips, Hager & North Investment Funds Ltd.

The Capital Reserve Fund investments consist of mutual funds invested with Phillips, Hager & North Investment Funds Ltd. The investments consist of 100% fixed income with a cost of \$177,062 (2014 - 100% fixed income with a cost of \$173,699).

The Capital Reserve Fund investments are recorded at fair value which has resulted in an unrealized gain of \$2,776 (2014 - unrealized loss of \$1,151).

#### Accounts receivable 4.

	2015	2014
Trade accounts receivable	2,771,776	2,076,133
Travel and salary advances	42,973	37,931
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(170,842)	(155,842)
	2,643,907	1,958,222

As at March 31, 2015, the total value of impaired receivables is \$170,842 (2014 - \$155,842).

#### **Related parties** 5.

The Organization is related to the following First Nations, each of which are members of the Organization and have representation on the Board of Directors. Therefore, each First Nation has the ability to significantly influence the operations of the Organization. The First Nations are as follows:

Aroland First Nation **Constance Lake First Nation** Eabametoong First Nation Ginoogaming First Nation Long Lake #58 First Nation Marten Falls First Nation Neskantaga First Nation Nibinamik First Nation Webequie First Nation

The following amounts are included in accounts receivable and accounts payable and accruals at year end:

	2015	2014
Amounts included in accounts receivable		
Aroland First Nation	167,170	57,999
Eabametoong First Nation	1,500	45,367
Ginoogaming First Nation	22,276	22,276
Long Lake #58 First Nation	144,705	127,322
Marten Falls First Nation	130,000	97,500
Neskantaga First Nation	172,001	55,658
Nibinamik First Nation	22,100	18,200
Webequie First Nation	91,245	65,495
Amounts included in accounts payable and accruals		
Aroland First Nation	58,460	46,206
Constance Lake First Nation	71,764	55,425
Eabametoong First Nation	225,567	166,755
Ginoogaming First Nation	43,228	30,399
Long Lake #58 First Nation	17,144	14,244
Marten Falls First Nation	62,913	89,402
Neskantaga First Nation	124,933	104,638
Nibinamik First Nation	143,800	98,900
Webequie First Nation	77,463	88,691

The Organization significantly influences the operations of, and is therefore related to Aatawehike Fire Services Limited Partnership, as the Organization is a creditor and provides support services on an in-kind basis. At year end, no amount was included in accounts receivable (2014 - \$Nil).

The amounts above are non-interest bearing and unsecured. It is anticipated that the amounts will be received (paid) in the next fiscal year.

#### 6. Capital assets

			2015	2014
		Accumulated	Net book	Net book
	Cost	amortization	value	value
Buildings	6,367,861	2,042,940	4,324,921	4,500,288
Buildings under construction	19,099	-	19,099	4,999
Computer software	72,174	70,648	1,526	7,428
Equipment	2,620,603	2,238,479	382,124	434,195
Furniture and fixtures	506,466	242,063	264,403	244,842
Land	1,290,432	-	1,290,432	1,290,432
Leasehold improvements	405,327	329,514	75,813	82,105
Parking lot	15,000	12,750	2,250	2,445
Website	90,290	9,030	81,260	90,290
	11,387,252	4,945,424	6,441,828	6,657,024

#### 7. Long-term investments

As at March 31, 2015, the Organization owned 2 Class C common shares of Long Lake Aggregates Ltd. representing 2% of the issued and outstanding shares of the company. The market value of these shares approximates the book value of this investment as recorded on these consolidated financial statements.

#### 8. Bank indebtedness

	2015	2014
TD Canada Trust line of credit, authorized to a maximum of \$1,000,000 and bearing interest at bank prime plus 1.75%.	852,075	915,984

The following has been collateralized in connection with this line of credit:

Continuing collateral mortgage, representing a first charge, on real property located at 233 Court Street South, Thunder Bay, Ontario in the principal amount of \$2,000,000.

#### 9. Deferred revenue

	Matawa Operating	Matawa Restricted	Matawa Capital	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year Amount received during the year Less: Amount recognized as revenue during the year	2,481,341 1,645,253 (2,481,341)	56,635 99,521 (56,635)	-	2,537,976 1,744,774 (2,537,976)	2,054,917 2,537,975 (2,054,916)
Balance, end of year	1,645,253	99,521	-	1,744,774	2,537,976

#### 10. Long-term debt

-	2015	2014
TD Canada Trust, 4.59% first mortgage on multiple properties located in Thunder Bay, Ontario. Repayable at \$8,314 per month including interest, maturing February 2017. Security provided includes a charge on land and buildings with a net book value of \$1,092,615	1,128,414	1,175,714
Less: current portion	49,491	47,295
	1,078,923	1,128,419

Principal repayments on long-term debt in each of the next five years, assuming long-term debt subject to refinancing is renewed are estimated as follows:

	Principal
2016	49,491
2017	51,788
2018	54,193
2019	56,709
2020	59,341

#### 11. Deferred contributions related to capital assets

Deferred contributions related to capital assets represent the unamortized amount of contributed capital assets and restricted contributions that were used to construct additional residential properties for the Organization. Recognition of these amounts as revenue is deferred to periods when the related capital assets are amortized.

The Organization received contributions of \$3,333,194 in the form of a forgivable loan from Ontario Aboriginal Housing Support Services Corporation. The principal portion of the loan shall be forgiven over a 20 year term beginning on January 16, 2012 (the date of occupancy) on an accelerated basis as follows: 3% years one through five, 4% years six through ten and 6.5% years eleven through twenty, provided that all commitments are fulfilled. The Organization anticipates that no repayment will be necessary.

The estimated amount to be forgiven in each of the next five years is estimated as follows:

2016	100,163
2017	100,163
2018	133,551
2019	133,551
2020	133,551

The balance unforgiven at March 31, 2015 is \$3,038,285 and may become liable should commitments not be fulfilled. The Organization anticipates that no repayment will be necessary.

	Matawa Operating	Matawa Restricted	Matawa Capital	2015	2014
Balance, beginning of year	-	-	3,709,965	3,709,965	3,137,984
Amount received during the year	-	-	-	-	701,678
Less: Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	-	-	(139,379)	(139,379)	(129,697)
	-	-	3,570,586	3,570,586	3,709,965
Less: current portion	-	-	133,194	133,194	139,378
Balance, end of year	-	-	3,437,392	3,437,392	3,570,587

#### 12. Refundable dividend taxes on hand

Under the *Income Tax Act* (the "Act"), MFNP is classified as a private corporation and therefore certain taxes paid relating to investments and dividend income are refundable. Accordingly, these taxes are not deducted in computing net income for the year, but are charged directly to retained earnings. These taxes can be recovered based on payments of dividends at the rate of \$1 for every \$3 of taxable dividends paid. The refundable dividend tax on hand as at March 31, 2015 amounts to \$302 (2014 - \$302).

#### 13. Income taxes

The Organization is registered as a charitable organization under the *Income Tax Act* (the "Act") and as such is exempt from income taxes and is able to issue donation receipts for income tax purposes. In order to maintain its status as a registered charity under the Act, the Organization must meet certain requirements within the Act. In the opinion of management, these requirements have been met.

As at March 31, 2015, MFNP has \$29,461 in non-capital losses available to reduce future years income for tax purposes, the future income tax effect of which has not been recorded in the consolidated financial statements. These losses expire as follows:

2033	1,192
2034	28,269

As at March 31, 2015, MPMG has \$96,704 in non-capital losses available to reduce future years income for tax purposes, the future income tax effect of which has not been recorded in the consolidated financial statements. These losses expire as follows:

2030	18,761
2031	72,749
2034	3,150
2035	2,044

Matawa First Nations Management

### Notes to the Consolidated Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2015

Revenue details	2015	20
Government of Canada		
Aboriginal Affairs and Northern Development Canada	4,852,749	5,635,19
Health Canada	142,381	159,13
FedNor/Industry Canada	100,000	23,07
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation	18,368	37,23
Human Resources and Skills Development Canada	4,895,133	5,280,68
Natural Resources Canada	51,000	97,00
Environment Canada	80,973	88,43
	10,140,604	11,320,76
Province of Ontario		
Ministry of Northern Development, Mines and Forestry	2,070,840	1,475,13
Ministry of Community and Social Services	310,372	304,28
Ministry of Natural Resources	249,225	174,93
Ministry of Aboriginal Affairs	117,649	275,00
Ministry of Training, Colleges and Universities	3,000,000	1,622,7
Ministry of Tourism, Culture and Sport	-	4,74
Ministry of the Attorney General	380,040	235,00
Northern Ontario Heritage Fund Corporation	-	46,60
	6,128,126	4,138,55
First Nations and Organizations		
Services and recoveries	1,705,727	1,558,56
Nishnawbe Aski Nation	66,329	85,92
Other First Nations and Organizations	136,733	69,62
	1,908,789	1,714,12
Other		
Interest	11,260	15,20
Miscellaneous	707,104	377,6
Rental	167,969	184,92
	886,333	577,80

#### 15. Related party transactions

Transactions occurring during the year with the related parties outlined in Note 5 were in the normal course of operations and were measured at the exchange amount, which is the amount of consideration established and agreed to by the related parties. Related party transactions included in the consolidated statement of operations are summarized as follows:

	Matawa Operating	Matawa Restricted	2015	2014
Revenue - services and recoveries	538,191	1,167,536	1,705,727	1,558,569
Expenses - First Nation project contributions	1,778,382	-	1,778,382	1,713,748
Expenses - Annual General Assembly	45,500	-	45,500	25,000

#### 16. Pension plan

The Organization has a defined contribution plan for which virtually all employees of the Organization are eligible. Pension benefits are determined by the performance of the sponsor's and employee's contributions. Actuarial valuations are normally not required as the pension obligation equals the net assets available for benefits. Employer contributions for the year were \$191,496 (2014 - \$145,521).

#### 17. Commitments

The Organization has entered into an equipment lease agreement ending September 2015 and lease agreements for premises ending July 2016. The estimated minimum annual payment is as follows:

2016	413,790
2017	49,960

#### 18. Financial instruments

The Organization, as part of its operations, carries a number of financial instruments. It is management's opinion that the Organization is not exposed to significant interest, currency, credit, liquidity or other price risks arising from these financial instruments except as otherwise disclosed.

#### Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in the interest rates. Changes in market interest rates may have an effect on the cash flows associated with some financial assets and liabilities, known as cash flow risk, and on the fair value of other financial assets or liabilities, known as price risk.

The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk relating to long-term debt, which has a fixed interest rate of 4.59% (2014 - 4.59%) maturing February 2017.